Alcohol

In the next 24 hours a ruthless terrorist will be responsible for nearly ... half of all the homicides in North America. ... half of all the people who will die on the highways. ... half of all the people who will be admitted to the hospital. ... half of all the people who will incarcerated in jail or prison. ... half of all the people who will be involved in domestic violence. ... half of all the nation's birth defects.

His chemical attacks will cause untold misery and sorrow to thousands of families. Sadly, the government is looking the other way because this terrorist is paying them hush money. Worse still, even many professed Christians are defending and harboring this cold—hearted terrorist. Who is this deadly villain who is devastating our homes and nation?

Alcohol is the one responsible for all this hardship and tragedy. God wants us to have healthy, happy lives, and He has repeatedly warned us against alcoholic beverages. The Bible says, "Wine is a mocker, strong drink is a brawler, and whoever is led astray by it is not wise" (Proverbs 20:1, NKJV).

As was mentioned in the Health and Temperance presentation on bread, when there is plenty of oxygen present, yeast consume sugar and use the oxygen to make carbon dioxide gas, water, and energy. When alcohol production is desired, specific types of yeast which are more prolific at producing alcohol are used in a very limited oxygen environment—sealed barrels, tanks or bottles. Under these conditions, the yeast produces ethyl alcohol, some carbon dioxide, and energy.

"For in the hand of the Lord there is a cup, and the wine is red; it is fully mixed, and He pours it out; surely its dregs shall all the wicked of the earth drain and drink down." Psalms 75:8 KJV

What does "full of mixture" mean? It means that spices are mixed with the alcohol to make the wine stronger tasting AND to increase the intoxicating power of the alcohol. If you are paying attention, you will notice that almost all liquid spices are sold blended in alcohol.

Proverbs chapter 23 beginning with verse 29—"Who hath woe? Who hath sorrow?" Here this song begins with the groans of the drinker who has awakened to a painful reaction from a night of indulgence.

"Who hath contentions?" Quarrels frequently arise in one of the later stages of drunkenness. Men will fight with their best friends. Though abilities are reduced by liquor, many are still well able to inflict physical harm as well as incalculable psychological damage upon the innocent and helpless members of their families when they return home after a round of drinking.

"Who hath babbling?" Perhaps better, "complaint"; still better, "concern," "despair," rather than the foolish talk that marks the more genial part of the drinking bout, which the translation, "babbling," implies. This may refer to the remorse most victims of the craving for alcohol feel when they awake to a realization of their behavior. *Proverbs 23:29–30 KJV*

"Who hath wounds without cause?" That is, they are entirely unnecessary. These are suffered both by the drinkers and by their families.

"Who hath redness of eyes?" Literally, "darkness of eyes." The bloodshot eyes peering dimly at the world are part of the recovery phase.

"They that tarry long at the wine; they that go to seek mixed wine." Those who tarry long at the wine are the ones who suffer the afflictions listed in the previous verse. The longer men drink, the stronger the wine they crave, until they take to mixed wine. This is thought to be not the relatively mild drink prepared by mixing wine with water, but rather wine to which have been added spices and drugs calculated to increase its intoxicating power.

"Look not thou upon the wine when it is red, when it giveth his color in the cup." The Hebrew has, "gives its eye." This is a warning against being allured by the undeniably attractive appearance of red wine sparkling with the gaseous products of fermentation until it comes to have something of the fascination of an eye. *Proverbs 23:31–32 KJV*

"When it moveth itself aright." Literally, "it goeth straight," which some interpret to mean "it goeth down smoothly." If intoxicating liquor entailed exertion in its imbibing, it is probable that fewer would be deceived by it into drinking enough to impair their judgment. Tradition has attempted to surround the drinking of wine with a measure of distinction and has linked it with important occasions in family and national history. Yet wine remains as cruel and deceptive in august surroundings as it does in the hovels of poverty–stricken drunkards.

"At the last it biteth like a serpent, and stingeth like an adder." Wine is well likened to the poison of a snake. Both produce disastrous effects on the body.

"And thine heart shall utter perverse things." Alcohol affects first the higher centers of the brain, where are seated judgment and discretion. The power of decision is slowed, and the difference between right and wrong is blurred. The drinker says things that he would never think of saying while sober and laughs at the inanities of others as if they were the product of the choicest wit. But the intoxicated brain does not produce inanities alone; evil thoughts and plans spring up and are often carried out by men who would never approve such wickedness when in full possession of their faculties. *Proverbs 23:33 KJV*

"Yea, thou shalt be as he that lieth down in the midst of the sea," Literally, "heart of the sea." The picture is often taken to be that of a man trying to sleep in a world that seems to be heaving and turning like a confused sea. Some have referred it to the drugged sleep that finally comes to the drinker. He sinks down into a coma not far removed from death, with every faculty drowned in alcohol, as inert and helpless as a lifeless body floating on the waves of the sea. *Proverbs 23:34 KJV*

"Or as he that lieth upon the top of a mast." Hebrew chibbel, a word that occurs only here. Its meaning is uncertain. If it designates the mast or the cradle where the lookout sits, it vividly pictures the sickening dizziness of the drunken and the many dangers to which he is unconsciously exposed. The Septuagint translates the second clause, "and as a pilot in a great storm." This translation points to the impaired judgment of the intoxicated.

"They have stricken me, shalt thou say, and I was not sick; they have beaten me, and I felt it not: when shall I awake? I will seek it yet again." The drunkard may be speaking to himself, or he may be replying to the chiding of a friend. He admits the quarrels, but claims that he suffered no harm. He is dimly aware of the disabilities he has suffered in the impairment of his faculties, yet he longs for the time when he will have recovered enough from his irresistible drowsiness so that he can start the process all over again. *Proverbs 23:35 KJV*

Cute, yes! But, what if you knew that one in every eight puppies would eventually—sooner or later—attack and harm the owner, a family member, or a friend of the family. That is the rate at which those who begin to drink alcohol become alcoholics.¹

Know ye not, that to whom ye yield yourselves servants to obey, his servants ye are to whom ye obey; whether of sin unto death, or of obedience unto righteousness? *Romans 6:16 KJV* Truly such a man is the slave of the master he has chosen . . . but God is able to release him from

¹ Reference: Grant BF, Chou SP, Saha TD, et al. Prevalence of 12-Month Alcohol Use, High-Risk Drinking, and DSM-IV Alcohol Use Disorder in the United States, 2001-2002 to 2012-2013: Results From the National Epidemiologic Survey on Alcohol and Related Conditions. JAMA Psychiatry. 2017;74(9):911–923. doi:10.1001/jamapsychiatry.2017.2161

that servitude. Being then made free from sin, ye became the servants of righteousness. *Romans 6:18 KJV*

From Romans 7:23–25, we read, "But I see another law in my members, warring against the law of my mind, and bringing me into captivity to the law of sin which is in my members. O wretched man that I am! who shall deliver me from the body of this death? I thank God, through Jesus Christ our Lord. So then with the mind I myself serve the law of God; but with the flesh the law of sin."

Jesus can save you from temptation or addiction to alcohol or any of many other mood altering drugs. Give your hand, your will to Him.